AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Previously presented) A component mounting system comprising:
 - a) a ball to be fixed to a component to be aligned, the ball and component together forming a ball-and-component assembly;
 - b) a socket into which the ball is placed; and
 - c) a collar to be mounted to the socket, whereby the socket and collar capture the ball between them, the collar having springs welded to the ball.
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Currently amended) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket comprises raised features about the socket's interior whereby the ball can be pivoted when captured between the collar and the socket.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are ball bearings mounted into the socket.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are raised surfaces of the socket.
- 6. (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 3 wherein the raised features are symmetrically located about the socket.
- (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are stainless steel.
- 8. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are brass.
- 9. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 6 wherein the raised features are

TI-32682 - Page 2

tetrafluoroethylene.

- 10. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the component to be mounted is an optical component.
- 11. (Previously amended) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket has a circular opening into which the ball-and-component assembly is placed.
- 12. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket, collar, and ball are formed of the same material.
- 13. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the socket, collar, and ball are formed of stainless steel.
- 14. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the component to be mounted is selected from the group consisting of collimators, lasers, lenses, and spatial light modulators.
- 15. (Original) The component mounting system of claim 1 wherein the springs are shaped like fins which protrude from the collar.
- 16. (Currently amended) A component mounting system comprising:
 - a) a ball to be fixed to a component to be aligned, the ball and component together forming a ball-and-component assembly;
 - b) a socket into which the ball may be placed, the socket comprising ball bearings about the socket's interior in contact with the ball; and
 - c) a collar to be mounted to the socket, the collar <u>also having an opening</u>

 therein, whereby the socket and collar capture the ball, the collar also having springs that are located about the opening wherein the springs are adapted to make contact

TI-32682 - Page 3

with the ball.

- 17. (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the springs are shaped like fins which protrude from the collar.
- 18. (Previously presented) A method for aligning an optical component, the method comprising:
 - a) affixing the optical component to a ball;
 - b) placing the ball into a socket;
 - c) fastening a collar having an opening to the socket, capturing the ball within the collar/socket assembly, the collar having at least three springs that are mechanically biased symmetrically around and against the ball;
 - d) pivoting the ball into position; and
 - e) affixing the springs to the ball, thereby fixing the pivotal alignment of the ball relative to the collar/socket assembly.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18 wherein a beam of light exits from the optical component in a direction fixed by the pivotal alignment of the optical component and further comprising:
 - a) placing an optical sensor at a spot terminating a path from the optical component;
 - b) measuring the intensity of the optical signal received at the optical sensor;
 - c) continuing the pivoting of the ball-and-component assembly until the intensity of the received optical signal is generally at a maximum.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the affixing of the springs to the ball is

TI-32682 - Page 4

P.06

- accomplished by welding.
- (Original) The method of claim 20 wherein the welding is laser welding. 21.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the springs 22. are welded to the ball.
- 23. (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 24. comprises stainless steel raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 25. comprises brass raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket 26. comprises tetrafluoroethylene raised features in contact with the ball.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the socket, 27. collar, and ball are formed of stainless steel.
- (Previously presented) The component mounting system of claim 16 wherein the 28. component to be mounted is selected from the group consisting of collimators, lasers, lenses, and spatial light modulators.